

### UN-IWG-Meeting, Geneva, December 2023

## **UN-IWG-LIBs** Work Report BAM

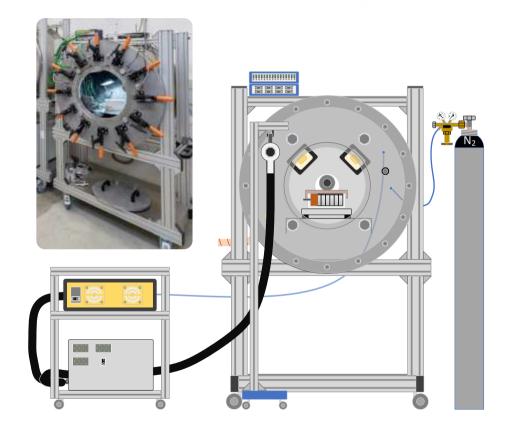
Dr. Anita Schmidt, Dr. Jonas Krug von Nidda 3.1 Safety of Dangerous Goods Packagings and Batteries Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und –prüfung (BAM)

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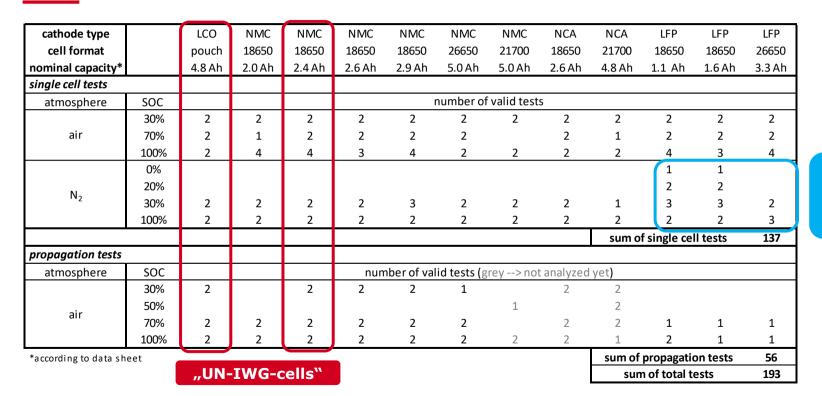
### **Test Chambers**



- 4 test chambers
- V<sub>chamber</sub> = 247 L
- equipped with:
  - pressure sensor
  - up to 12 thermocouples
  - up to 8 voltage/current channels
  - optional with online-FTIR
- various operation modes
  - closed
  - open (vs. atmosph. pressure)
  - Air/N<sub>2</sub>-flux (under develop.)
- various abuse types
  - thermal
  - mechanical (nail penetration, crush)
  - electrical (short circuit, overcharge,...)



## Overview of overall conducted tests at BAM according to UN-Protocol $\rightarrow$ (small) cell level



LFP cells discussed in detail in Seoul

## Overview of overall conducted tests at BAM according to UN-Protocol $\rightarrow$ (small) cell level



Additional information:

- for not yet analyzed tests, validity still needs to be evaluated
- invalid tests so far: approx. 20-30
- all single cell tests with additional analysis of emitted gases (FTIR)
- in course of testing, max. temperature was increased from 200°C to 250°C (especially, for LFP cells)

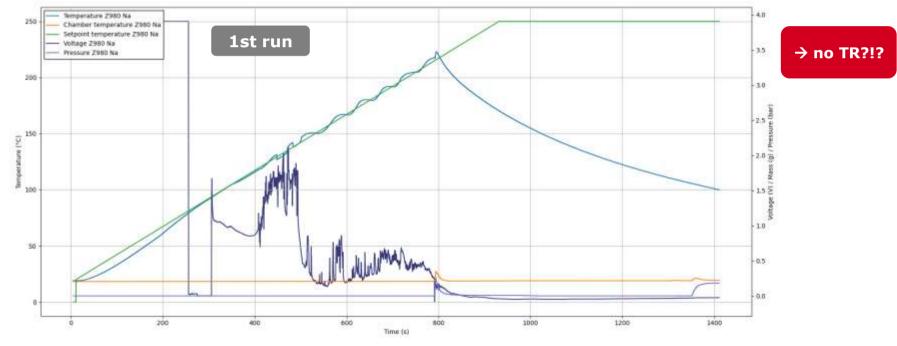
 large amount of tests was possible due to additional funding by BMDV (Project LiKlas)





18650, 1.3 Ah, atmosphere = air

• Single Cell Tests @ 100% SOC



18650, 1.3 Ah, atmosphere = air

• Single Cell Tests @ 100% SOC



#### $\rightarrow$ rather violent reaction $\rightarrow$ TR!!



**Pictures of DUT** 

#### before test



#### after test





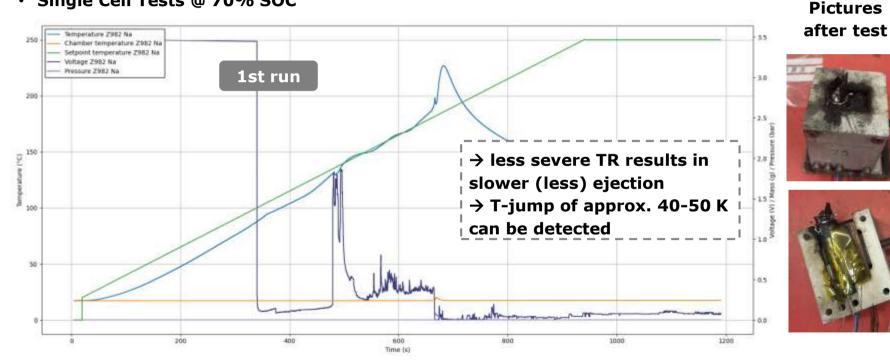


→ ejection of internal part (despite lid and rather strong fixture) hinders clear detection of TR by temperature change



18650, 1.3 Ah, atmosphere = air

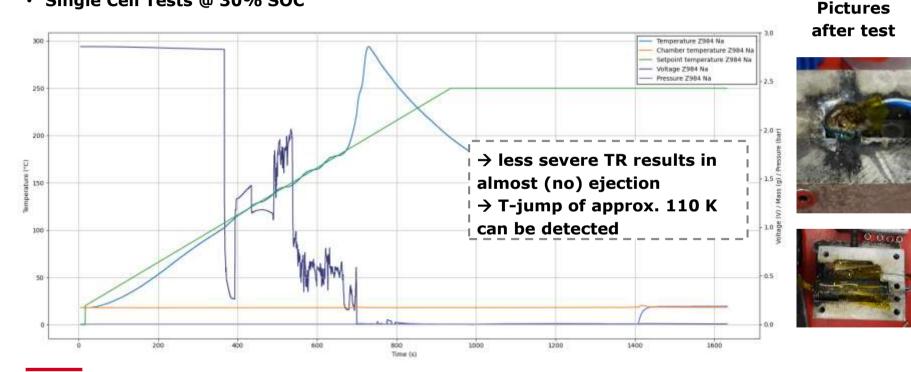
• Single Cell Tests @ 70% SOC



> BAM

18650, 1.3 Ah, atmosphere = air

• Single Cell Tests @ 30% SOC





#### Summary

- SIB-cells (can) react similar to LIB-cells
- even at 30% SOC TR is clearly detectable
- strong ejection makes it very difficult to detect TR by temperature
  - also valid for LIB-cells
- $\rightarrow$  propagation tests
  - ightarrow so far two runs with SIB-cells at 100%SOC
    - $\rightarrow$  however, no propagation due to ejection
  - → similar results are (most probably) observable for propagation of 21700 NCA cells (100% SOC)
- $\rightarrow$  generally, clear definition about the validity of the tests is very important
  - $\rightarrow$  non-valid (e.g., clear ejection etc)  $\rightarrow$  not passed



# Thank you for your attention!



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