

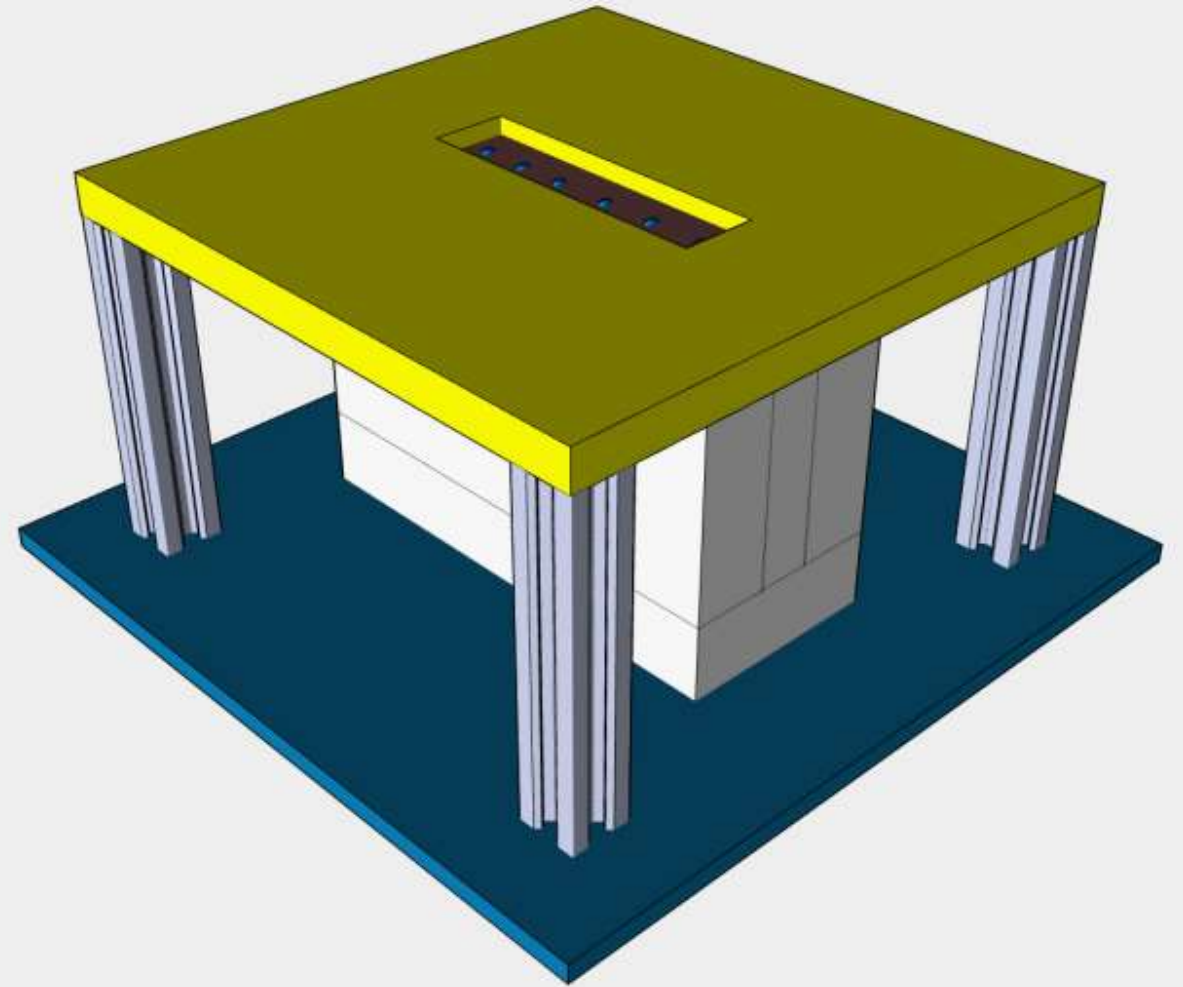


UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN
AN AMERICASE COMPANY
2023

Propagation Test with Heat Flux / Flow

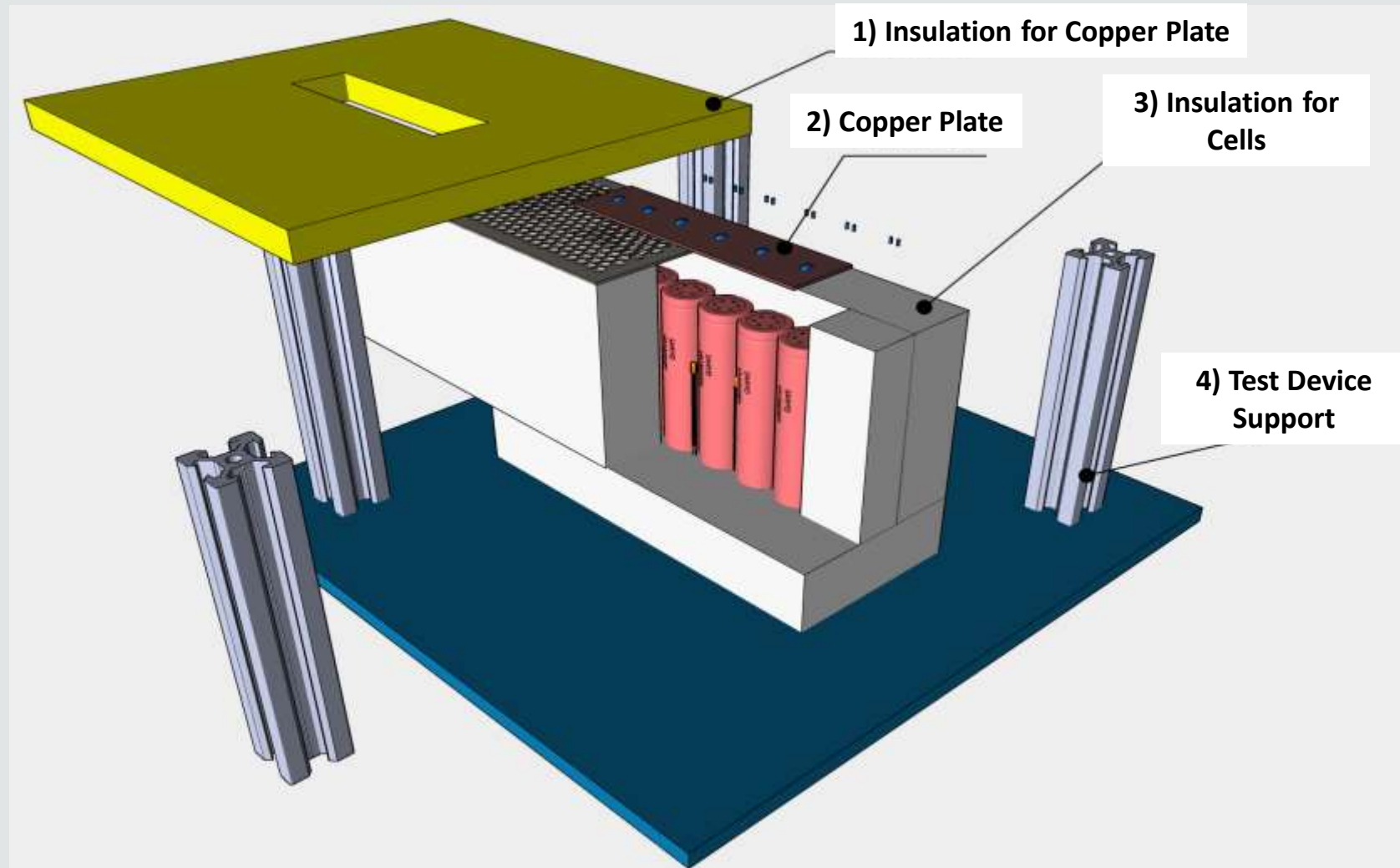
Robby Kinsala – CEO | Americase

UN IWG 6 Cell
Propagation Test Setup
Modified with Copper
Plate Calorimeter to
Measure Heat Flux /
Heat Flow



Components View 1

- 1) Mounting for Copper Plate should be an insulative material like FR4 with a thickness of $\sim 12.7\text{mm}$ ($1/2''$).
- 2) Copper Plate should be a thin plate of pure copper with dimensions (l,w,t) 108mm ($4\ 1/4''$), 19mm ($3/4''$), 3.175mm ($1/8''$).
- 3) Insulating Cell Enclosure should adhere to the properties described in the test criteria and have a thickness of at least $\sim 25\text{mm}$ ($1''$).
- 4) Test Support Device should support overhead materials and make the base and total test aperture ridged enough to withstand TR while allowing for visibility of testing.

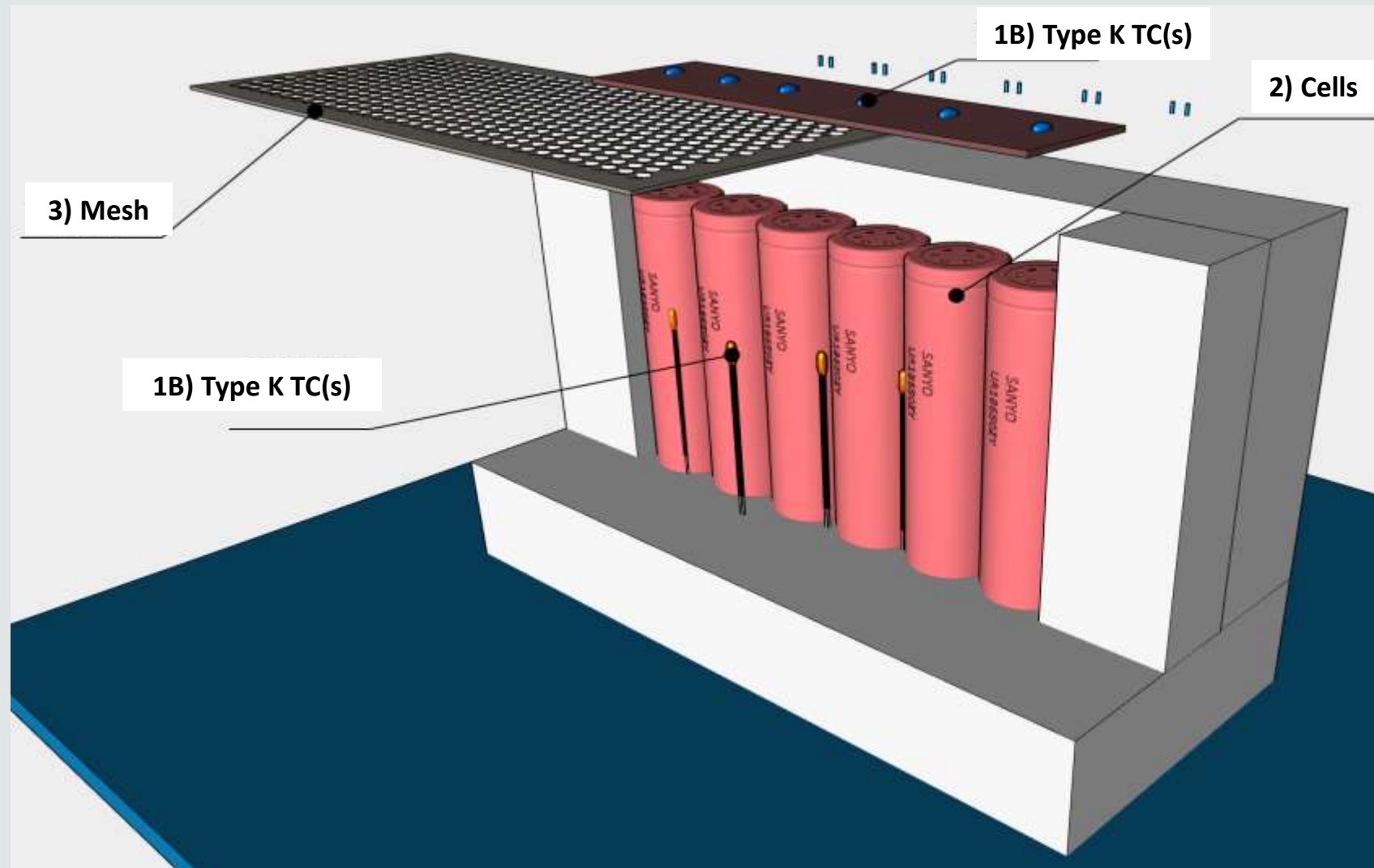


Components View 2

1A,B) Type K Thermocouples of 30-36 AWG. Set A to be centered above each cell. Set B to be centered vertically on each cell and offset at 45° to allow housing closure without impedance. Set A to be secured with Kapton tape. Set B to be “peened” into copper plate.

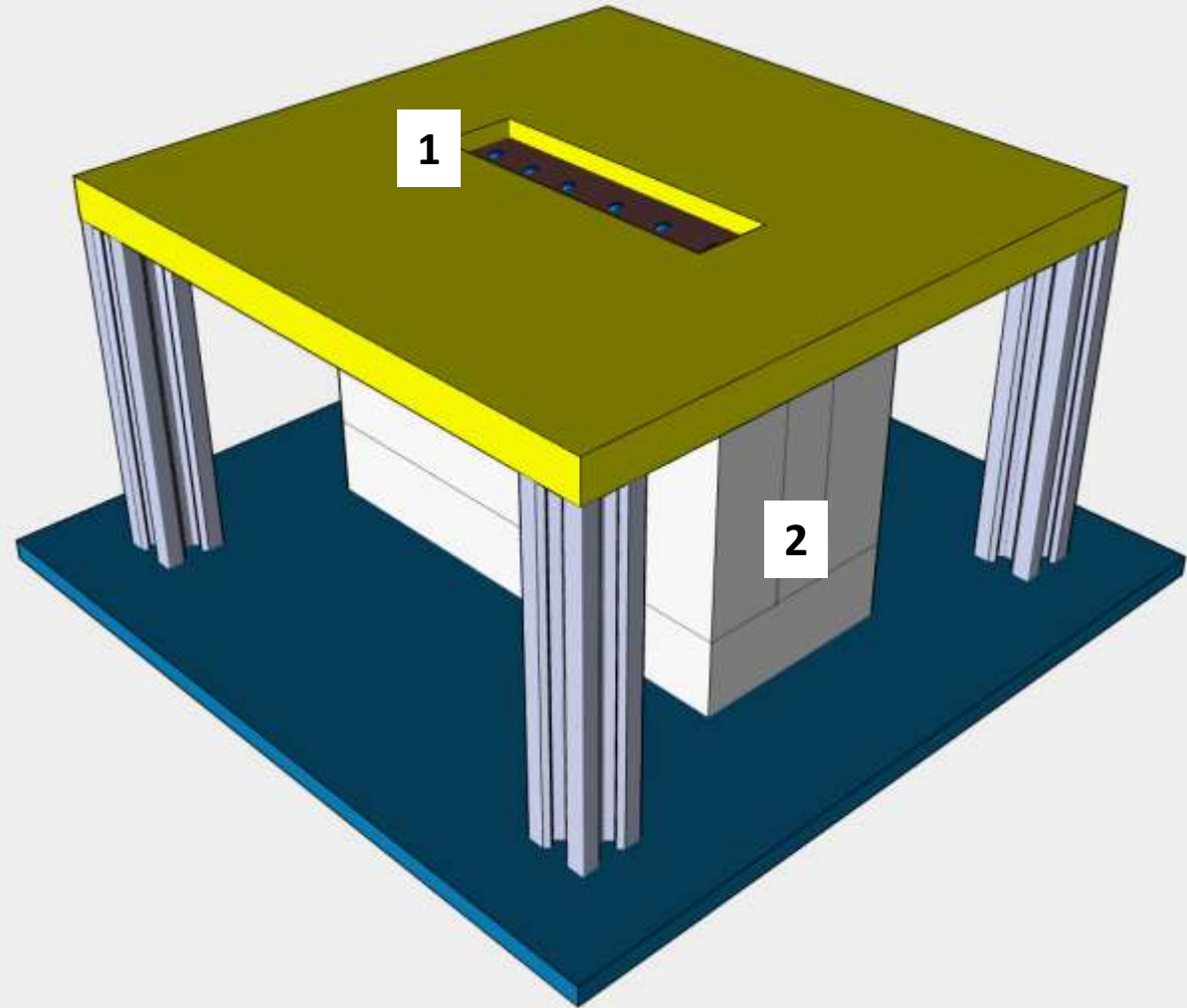
2) 18650 Cells (Qty: 6) should be touching and in line.

3) Mesh material to allow gases to pass through while mitigating the escape of core ejecta material.



Test Setup Notes

- 1) Copper Plate should be inlaid into insulating material, cutout is only for illustration. Front face of copper plate should be painted matte black.
- 2) Cell housing insulative material should be held together either with internal hardware or external clamps to apply a slight pressure ensuring that cells make proper contact with each other throughout the test.



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